Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXI.—NO. 6282 PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1881. PRICE—TEN CENTS

THE EASTERN STATES.

No Change in the New York Senatorial Fight.

NO CONCENTRATION OF ADMINISTRATION VOTES.

Grant Actively Interested in Favor of Conkling—Beecher gets a Call on Conkling—The Readjusters Convention, etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

ALBANY, June 3.—First ballot for successor to Conkling: Jacobs, 59; Cookins, 34; Wheeler, 16; Cornell, 26; Rogers, 14; Bradley, 1; Folger, Crowley and Fenton, 2; Lapham, 6; Woodin and Henry Ward Beecher, 1; Dutcher, 1. Madden voted for Woodin, and Gerdin for Henry Ward Beecher. Brech is paired with Robertson of Chemung. Lewis paired with Pitney and Prosper with Butler.

No choice, and the convention proceeded to vote for a successor to Platt with the following result: Kernan 3, Platt, 39, DeFreo, 30, Lapham, 2, Cornell, 13, Ward, 2, VanCott, 2, Pomeroy, 3, Dutcher, 1, Miller, 2, Folger, 3, Prentice, 3, Wheeler, 1.

Symons moved to adjourn joint convention until noon Saturday; agreed to, democrats and garfield men voting together.

The Situation.

NEW YORK, June 3.—There is no sign of a political conference to-night at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and ex-Senator Conkling kept to his room the whole evening. Ex-Senator Platt was with him a greater part of the time. Vice President Arthur is expected in town to-morrow evening. Ex-Senator Platt proposes to return to Albany Sunday evening. It is stated to-night by those who profess to know that no certain conference will be held here. Conkling's friends assure him that his prospects are very bright and that there is no sign of a backdown among stalwarts.

Grant Talks.

NEW ORLEANS, June 3.—Gen. Grant is greatly irritated over the Conkling affair and caustic remarks all depreciative. He says that Conkling has been shamefully treated and should be resolute in the struggle. He thinks that newspaper abuse of Conkling is emanated by White House influences, but not by Garfield. He reaffirms his letter to Senator Jones of Nevada, but will take no hand in the fight. He pronounced Gov. Young's statement of his subscription with the U. S. National bank and the Marine bankas false, and says that these cases train in the story about lost property. He expects to go to Mexico after highly successful. He says the contestants wanted, the only opposition being from rival subsidized railroads. Gen. Grant will go to St. Louis, Galena and Chicago after leaving here.

Railroad Purchase in Nevada.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Mr. Sidney Dillon, said it is supposed Mr. Gould, "and a banker friday," have bought the Central railroad of Nevada, extending from Battle Mountain on the Central Pacific to Austin one hundred miles down the valley. The object of the purchase is a mystery to the Central Pacific people. One theory is that the road is to be extended north to connect with the Oregon system, and perhaps south to some other connection. A railroad could be built down the valley for a hundred miles if not through to the Texas pacific. Even if there is no immediate object in view, right of way through the valley is likely to be useful in the future."

Through Mails.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Co. has consented to make such changes in the sailing hours of steamers leaving San Francisco for Australia and China as will secure the delivery of mails from New York arriving at San Francisco on their sailing days.

The president of the Pacific Mail steamship Company said to-day: "I have just received a telegram stating that if there was any truth in a report that the company would get only $50,000 of the $261,000 awarded us by the court of claims, I know of no reason why we shall not get every dollar of it. The money was earned by carrying mails in vessels of the company and, if any other company is entitled to it I do not know it. Our statement has been out only a week, yet there are all sorts of false reports. One is that we have taken back payment made to the Panama Company. We did not do it and as a matter of fact we have paid every dollar of the principal or interest due the Panama company."

Resignation of Fred Grant.

General Sheridan announcing the resignation of Lieut. Col. Fred Grant June 1st, thanked him for most soldierly qualities during eight years, and earnestly wished him every success.

The Canal Thing.

DALLAS, June 3.—Mills and Baker, notorious burglars and forgers, killed a Hayes county deputy sheriff while resisting arrest to-day.

Greenback Nominations for Iowa.

MARSHALLTOWN, June 3.—The greenbackers to-day nominated a full state ticket, headed by D. M. Clark for governor and ending up with Mrs. Mary E. Nash for superintendent of public instruction.

Disaster.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., June 3.—The highest lake Bermuda was blown up off here this morning. All hands lost.

The Readjusters.

RICHMOND, June 3.—Platform of the readjusters:
1. Supports state institutions.
2. Supports the Riddleberger bill as just.
3. Equal and uniform taxation, internal improvement.
4. Promote development of mines, farms, etc.
5. Free ballot in every state, No capitulation tax, it being a violation of the 15th amendment.
6. Fraternity with other states and immigration.

Killed by Lightning.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Yesterday afternoon a thunderbolt killed Henry Kleeman, his wife and a horse. They were driving home near Des Plaines under the shelter of an umbrella. When found both were all day naught in the buggy. Mrs. Wieman's dress had taken fire and burned nearly off. No marks were discovered.

Another Faster.

Grissom's fast continues. He felt hungry for the first time this morning, it being his 40th day. This afternoon he was weighed and found to have lost 17½ pounds. He had an attack of dizziness, his pulse appeared to have lost some of its force and a general change for the worse was evident in him.

Poor Seed.

DES MOINES, June 3.—Losses to Iowa farmers this year from poor seed will amount to $2,000,000.

Killed by Dynamite.

LAWSON, Va., June 3.—An explosion of dynamite here, killed four negroes.

Railroad Conference.

ST. LOUIS, June 3.—Jay Gould and party are conferring with the managers of the Texas Pacific, Missouri Pacific, International and Great Northern and Iron Mountain. It is supposed that consolidation of Gould's entire southwestern interests is under consideration.

Murder and Suicide.

MONTEZUMA, Iowa, June 3.—James Hogan, wife-beating pugilist who has divorced wife, six times, inflicting injuries which are likely to prove fatal, and then with one shot killed himself. She had obtained a divorce because he was threatened and he had threatened to kill her because she refused to marry him.

Reception to Kirkwood.

IOWA CITY, June 3.—Secretary Kirkwood was tendered a public reception this evening in his home by his old friends and the people of this part of the state. A large crowd was present and there was much enthusiasm.

Col. Scott's Will.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—The will of the late Thos. A. Scott, admitted to probate, contains minute provisions for his family and relatives, but no public bequests. Col. Scott made gifts to institutions shortly before his death. The will provides that no inventory or account of the estate shall be filed in any public office.

Arrested.

OAKLAND, June 3.—A Coleman special says: A man supposed to be Lee Nelson, who murdered Jesse Baines, at Augusta, was arrested here. He claims to be a business man from California.

Hanged.

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., June 3.—Ben Jaines, colored, was hanged to-day for the murder of David Morrweiner at Howell, August last.

A Madman's Crime.

CLIFFORD, N. J., June 3.—Elijah Sterling, claiming to be the son of God, attacked his wife and son with an axe. The son escaped, but the wife was fatally hurt.

Grant's Railroad.

HOUSTON, June 3.—The organization of the Texas Western narrow gauge railway was perfected to-day and formally transferred to the new management. The stockholders elected the following officers: President, U. S. Grant; secretary, J. B. Tracy; executive committee, U. S. Grant, H. Victor Newcomb, Josiah Bailey, Oliver Ames, U. S. Grant, H. Victor Newcomb, John Bailey, Col. Grant, Josiah Bailey, A. M. Conley, W. S. Cleveland, E. E. McIlhenny, J. G. Tracy. Active operations will begin at once at construction of the road to the Rio Grande.

New Musical Society.

CHICAGO, June 3.—A musical festival association has been formed to give biennial concert festivals. Solid men are backing it. Theodore Thomas is director.

Fatal Accident.

JERSEY CITY, June 3.—Colonel Dwight Webb fell down stairs in his boarding house and was killed. He will be buried in the potter's field unless relatives prevent. He has been twice congressman from Michigan.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Star Route Prosecutions.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The cabinet considered the star route frauds to-day. MacVeagh did not believe that any of these cases could be tried before September on account of the crowded condition of the courts.

Treasury Department Frauds.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Many rumors are afloat about the treasury department relative to the gigantic system of fraud matters in the watchman's office. It is stated that one of the officials interrogated following the investigating committee that persons higher in authority than he were responsible for all done for him. To-night, others say, it is that several removals will be recommended.

Personal.

The U. S. steamer Dispatch left this afternoon for Fortress Monroe, having as guests President Garfield and two sons, Secretary Hunt and members of his family and Col. Rockwell and family. They expect to return Monday.

Judicial Appointment.

The president has appointed Addison Brown, of New York, U. S. judge for the southern district of New York, vice Choate resigned.

The Mints.

The director of the mint has authorized coinage of standard silver dollars for the present month at the San Francisco, Dahlonega, Denver, Philadelphia mints.

THE STAR ROUTE FRAUDS.

Progress of the Investigation. Dorsey's whereabouts, etc., etc.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Rumors of additional arrests and of fresh disclosures were thick and fast at the post-office department to-day, but the investigating committee in room 50 established itself with closed doors. No new developments were constantly leaked to the public. Auditor Merrick and Deputy Auditor Lee were still at their posts this afternoon, but will be relieved, tomorrow. Referring to a rumor that the attorney general obtained evidence of such a nature as to compromise Mr. Key, and that the president's summary demand for his resignation was based upon it, Mr. Key insists that he has done nothing wrong. He says that he audited accounts of mail contractors on certificates of the second assistant postmaster general. All the evidence thus far obtained for prosecution of the star service swindlers is now in the hands of Special Assistant Attorney General Vaul. It is said to be of the most damaging nature, clearly proving a conspiracy and involving upwards of twenty individuals. It is claimed that so far as Dorsey is concerned, evidence has been furnished against him by those with whom he has dealings and with whom he failed to act squarely. Although the ex-senator has retained Ker, assignee of letters and telegrams recently published, showing how politicians far removed from the office were made up in the scheme. It is stated to-night by those who profess to know that no certain conference will be held here. Conkling's friends assure him that his prospects are very bright and that there is no sign of a backdown among stalwarts.

More about the Mail Frauds.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Attorney-General McVeagh has been a persons and nothing in harmony down the star route ring, and has more evidence than the public is aware. He has searched all the records of the departments connected with the star route contracts and confidential special agents have been sent secretly to gather testimony on the line of expedited routes. Nothing has been left undone that could subserve evidence of fraud. At first the star route ring talked boldly on the supposition that so long as no inquiries turned state's evidence, they were safe. Bonds were issued here in Washington that no investigation would fail. It is apparent now that more men shared in the ring are unsound and uneasy, and it is predicted that some of them will leave the country. Special Agent McKeagh and Postmaster General James are determined to prosecute the guilty and they have evidence enough to procure indictments against numerous parties.

The postmaster-general has copies of Dorsey's correspondence with his agents who procured petitions for star routes. The original letters and documents throwing light on methods employed in Arkansas and the southwest have been obtained, and depositions of some persons who helped prepare the way for expedited routes have been procured.

The *Evening Star* to-day gives a list of men who will be requested to appear before grand jury in Washington. Among the list is S. B. Elkins, formerly delegate in the house of representatives from New Mexico. Elkins was intimate with Dorsey when the latter was in the senate a year or two ago and gave out that he made a fortune in the mining speculations. He established himself in grand style in New York. Elkins by his influence secured star contracts and has since expended while Kelly looked after the superintendence of the lines. Ex-Congressman McKibbin is another man mentioned for indictment, also J. B. Price of Missouri. Ex-Auditor McGraw and late Deputy Tiffy will also be presented to the grand jury. McGraw claims that his duty as second auditor was only to carry out the directions of the Second Assistant Postmaster General Brady, and that therefore he cannot be held responsible for any wrongful acts. The sixth auditor is charged with no other duty than to carry moneys to be used for the protection of the government, but that he did not protect the government as shown by forces granted star route contractors. Brady is also on the list determined to be prosecuted, as is ex-senator Dorsey and French. Brady's chief clerk, H. Merrick, is also implicated, and the former has been arrested. The trials when they commence will be to substantiate the conspiracy of a very large number of witnesses from distant points, especially from the west and southwest.

THE TURF.

The Epsom Meeting.

LONDON, June 3.—The Epsom summer meeting closed to-day. The Oaks stakes was won by The Bride, Lady Glitters 2d, Mayra 3d.

Only the two run. Ben Day was ridden by Archer and Robert the Devil by Cannon. There was the greatest excitement concerning the race. Betting at little before the start was 7 to 5 on Robert the Devil, but a few minutes subsequently only 6 to 4 was offered on him. Ben Day got away first, but was immediately pulled back. Robert the Devil then led the field three lengths until the turning from the home, when Archer drew up easily winning by a neck.

To Run at Paris.

LONDON, June 3.—Sewell, winner of the Epsom grand prize will contend for the grand prize de Paris at Paris on the 26th inst. Kremlin, Foxhall, has declined to go in betting for the Paris event.

MEXICO.

Mexican Affairs.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 3.—Gen. Diaz has resigned the public works portfolio and may go to France, or be elected governor of Oaxaca. Gen. Pacheco replaces him.

THE NORTHWEST.

Western Oregon.

Passenger and freight trains on the narrow gauge now run through to Monmouth.

Wheat is quoted at 70 cents per bushel in M. Minto's village, eggs, 15 cents per dozen and butter 18 cents per pound.

Oats now standing on the farm of Conrad Buckner near Miller's station, Linn county, measure 6 feet 10 inches in length and have number of heads.

Commencement exercises of the State Agricultural College are held in Corvallis during the past week. Gov. Thayer delivered the address to the graduating class.

Lucy A., wife of Wm. B. Hamilton, of Corvallis, died at her home at that city on the 31st ult., of pneumonia after an illness of about a week. She was for many years a resident of that place, and was an estimable woman.

Sheriff Hale of Washington county has been very successful in collecting the taxes, the last 2 per cent paid having returned to the county to-day $1900 this year against $2250 last, and this amount should be reduced by about $400 in his sale at the time, which he received a day or two too late to account on the 1st inst.

Geo. E. Parris, W. Thacker and J. Hugler, the prospectors for quicksilver on the Nestucka have moved an ore and a half of ground 40 feet deep. They have now reached the bedrock and everything bids fair for success. It is understood that Judge Lauman and Robert Booth are the principal owners of the mine.

Strawberries of the "Sharpless" variety of enormous size, are reported in various localities. J. R. Blanchard of Cincinnati exhibits 24 berries that average 2½ ounces each in weight, one of the two dozen measuring 8 inches in circumference; J. R. Townsend of Linn County, shows 20 berries, that is a fair specimen of size. One of these measures 7 inches one way and 7½ the other. The flavor is said to be excellent.

The residence of Chris. Newby, of Happy Valley, Yamhill county, was robbed of $400 in coin several weeks ago, and following are the circumstances: Mr. Newby had the money in safe keeping for a Mr. Noble, a neighbor who recently sold his farm in the hills. Mr. Newby placed the money in the safe containing his valuables drawer. He and his wife were absent a couple of hours, one afternoon, and upon returning saw that their house had been ransacked. Upon looking for the money they found it gone. No clue to the safe's line as yet been discovered.

Washington Territory.

The N. P. land office will be removed from Colfax to Cheney on or about the 15th of June.

The sugar beets on the Puyallup are up and growing finely. The planting has been done earlier than last year.

St. Paul school, Walla Walla, will close on the 18th inst. Bishop Paddock will deliver the annual address. Two scores ladies will receive diplomas from the institution this year.

The commencement exercises of the Territorial University at Seattle were unusually interesting. Governor Newell's address at the close was encouraging and scholarly, and was well received.

Jasper Woolsey of Puyallup, lost $65, while on a trip along the Cascade surveys, behind two bluejackets and two deer. He has failed 30 bear-skin enormous wild cats and coyotes, within the past three years and stands at the head of successful hunters in that region.

Steam was generated for the first time on the 40 new boilers which were put in the Madison mill on the 1st inst. These boilers will be used to supply steam on a new set of gang saws, which will soon be getting, dooring, etc., and to make up extra steam that may be needed on other machinery.

A lady of Goldendale went to bed one night last week and left her husband sitting by the fire. Next morning she found him sitting there yet, with his feet on the stove-hearth, and his boots burned off to the ankles. He was sound asleep, and had not felt the fire, but with what effect is not known. A quarrel is said to have occurred between them the night before.

Sheriff Hale of Whatcom county has been very successful in collecting the taxes, the last 2 per cent paid having returned to the county to-day $1900 this year against $2250 last, and this amount should be reduced by about $400 in his sale at the time, which he received a day or two too late to account on the 1st inst.

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BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Several Bodies of Troops Marching Through Ireland.

BITTER HATRED OF THE PEOPLE FOR THE POLICE.

Outrages in Various Localities—Dillon Visited in Prison—He Knows Nothing of what the World is Doing—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.]

LONDON, June 3.—Reports that serious outrages had occurred at Sligo were confirmed. Shots were exchanged at Sligo, but no one was injured, the constabulary bringing over the female objectionable. There was no doubt, however, in Ulster but feeling exists between the police and the people. Resident magistrates have been cautioned against reading the riot act, except in the gravest cases, and even when the police received the word upon ground to fire, they are compelled to fire at legs of rioters rather than at their bodies. Many persons have been killed by bullets from police rifles. Parnell, Dillon and O'Brien will be released from prison on Tuesday next. Many persons know what the charges of the police against Dillon were. It was said cartridges prepared and loaded were discovered in his possession, but the police are determined to protect Dillon. Warrants have been issued against Dillon on charges of inciting to riot. Many years ago before Dillon's parliamentary career he was arrested when the police were searching his house for arms. Dillon was then charged with having arms in his possession. Many persons were arrested on the charge, but all were released except Dillon, who was committed for trial. Dillon was then only a boy. He was released on bail. Dillon's father was also arrested on the charge of having arms in his possession. He was released on bail. Dillon's father was also arrested on the charge of having arms in his possession. He was released on bail.

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1884.

THE FUTURE OF LANGUAGES.

Owing to various causes, chief of which is the commercial energy of the English-speaking race, it is apparent that the English language has now a prospect of becoming as nearly the universal language as any other which has existed since the historic period began. It is not impossible that within two hundred years America alone will contain four or five hundred millions of people speaking the English tongue. The language, already more widely diffused than any other, is making rapid progress in all parts of the globe. More newspapers are published in English than in all other languages together, and there are few parts of the world where such newspapers are not found. If more books are not already printing in English than in all other tongues, it probably will not be long till such is actually the case. The intellectual energy of the English-speaking races has been equal in all times to their extraordinary commercial enterprise, and both those qualities together, backed by an active coinage which has been equal to every emergency, have carried the language to all quarters of the globe. Missionary work also has done and is still doing its part, and its part is no small one. Love of adventure and discovery still pushes the language as far centuries past, into remote and obscure corners of the earth, and wherever the language plants itself, it comes to stay, backed as it invariably is by a purposeful activity and intellectual power which cover the whole range of human effort in progressive civilization.

The only language which may compare with the English in extent of diffusion is the Spanish, the use of which is dispersed very widely over the globe. It holds its ground from the era of Spanish conquest three centuries ago, but has long since ceased to make further advances. Time was when it gave more promise of becoming the universal language than any other that ever existed. Many think its promise was even better, far better, than that of the English is now. Spain then led in every enterprise. The world trembled at her power. Her discoveries and conquests were bounded only by the limits of the globe itself. On land and sea her power was undisputed. Europe was at the feet of Charles the Fifth, king of Spain and emperor of Germany. The ocean itself bore the significant designation of "The Spanish Main." The East and West Indies owned the sway of the mighty power, and large part of America fell under the same domination. Ticknor, in his "History of Spanish Literature," says: "From the time of Charles the Fifth and as a natural result of his conquests and influence throughout Europe, the Spanish language became known and admired abroad as it had never been before. The marriage of Philip the Second to Mary Tudor carried the Spanish to the English coast, where for a time it had been in some vogue and Charles himself as emperor spread it through Germany, as he did in other ways and by similar influences through Flanders and Italy." But Spain lost her great opportunity, foiled by narrow bigots under ecclesiastical influence, who repressed freedom of conscience, stifled intellectual liberty and wasted the treasure and blood of a mighty kingdom in the vain endeavor to fasten the chains of political and priestly despotism, which her own people had accepted, upon the rest of mankind. Spain fell behind in the march of nations, though the wide diffusion of the Spanish language over the earth remains to attest the greatness of her former energies and the vast extent of her conquests.

Prof. Max Muller, the noted philologist, in a recent article on the spelling of words, advocates as the first step in the right direction the retention of but four of the languages now spoken and written in Europe. Of these he places the English first, the French second, the German third, and for the fourth he hesitates between the Italian and Spanish. Judging by the number of those who use a language, the Spanish would be entitled to position over the Italian, because it is used by many more people, including twenty or thirty millions in America, whose numbers will undoubtedly increase immensely within a century or two more. The languages of Germany, France and Italy will not be able to make such progress, because the number of people which those countries will hold is limited, and their languages are not extensively planted in other quarters of the globe. The English and Spanish alone have very wide diffusion; but the former is aggressive, and is likely to make great encroachments on the latter, as it has done on the French in Canada, on the Dutch at the Cape, and on other languages in many parts of the world. For example, it is easy to foresee the consequences of changes now taking place in Mexico. All educated and active business men in that country will soon speak and write English. It will be taught in all the public schools of that country, and the use of Spanish will become almost unnecessary after a few generations. Commerce, manufactures, science, the steam engine, the railroad and the telegraph, almost instinctively speak English, and at the same time teach and necessitate its use. Moreover English is the language of liberty, as well as of energy and enterprise and through the forms of free government it will instill the love of a language never used by a servile race. It is argued by a philologist of wide celebrity that two hundred years hence the English will be used by twice as many people as use all other languages combined—reckoning in the calculation only the races now recognized as civilized and possessing national literatures. The estimate seems by no means an extravagant one. Lord Bacon turned his essays from English into Latin for their surer preservation, fearing that "the modern tongues would one day play the bankrupt with books," and expressing the belief that the Latin edition of his essays would last as long as books last." Were he living now he might change his mind as to whether the English or Latin version would be likely to last the longer.

SUBSIDIZING MAIL STEAMERS.

Mr. Hugh McCulloch, formerly secretary of the treasury, has an article on "Our Future Fiscal Policy" in the *North American Review* for June in which he discusses, incidentally, our shipping interests and carrying trade. After speaking of the loss of our commercial prestige, he expresses the opinion, in the most positive manner, that revival and restoration of our foreign shipping interest depends on the granting of subsidies. "We must do," he says, "what has been done by other nations; we must subsidize American steamship lines." Our government, the ex-secretary thinks, ought to pursue the same policy of encouragement towards lines of steamers that it has employed towards railroads. No one but there are many to whom this seems a conclusive argument; yet a little examination will show that the analogy on which it is founded is a forced one. In making the construction of railroads government assists enterprises that add to the permanent wealth of the country. Besides, the government has only given lands (except in two or three cases which have not been followed as precedents) to aid the construction of railroads. It has not given money subsidies, raised by taxation as a means of subsidy to subsidize steamship lines. And the lands given have been so remotely situated as for the most part to be nearly valueless without the railroads. Again, a railroad once built stays forever, at least the most expensive portions; but there is no return, about a steamship line that may be built, set up or sold out and moved to a foreign or hostile country in a day. Railroads moreover add value to all the adjacent lands, encourage their settlement and cultivation, producing indirect benefits that many times exceed the subsidies granted. We can add no value to the waste of the ocean by any number of steamship lines. Before we try any other experiment we ought to remove unnecessary restrictions to the building or purchase of ships for our foreign trade. It would seem to be no easy undertaking to show why we should tax all other branches of industry and enterprise to pay the millions on millions which the advocates of the policy of ocean subsidies assert would be necessary to make profits for American ship owners. If government would establish the policy of free trade in ships it might be a step towards solution of this problem; though Prof. Sumner of Yale and other authorities say it would be impossible to determine in advance just what would be the consequences of repealing the navigation laws. Our tariff has so produced such an artificial condition of things that the buying of ships might not at the outset be profitable, even if it were permitted. But the professor believes that the restrictions should be removed, so that the trade can be fairly made. If Americans should then find it profitable to go into the carrying trade they would do so; otherwise they would not. Prof. Sumner, David A. Wells and Capt. Coffman do not agree as to what would be the consequences of abolishing the navigation laws, but they are all convinced that America can never compete with England on the building of steel and iron ships until it can manufacture iron and steel as cheaply as England. When that time comes there will be no necessity for a tariff protection against foreign iron and steel, and likewise no necessity for subsidies. A sound policy will, if adopted and resolutely pursued, bring to us the supremacy of the seas without trouble or cost. But we shall not gain this position by a policy which keeps everything on an artificial, isolated and expensive basis, under the so-called protective system.

TEMPERANCE FROM A SCIENTIFIC STANDPOINT.

Dr. William James has been giving the students of Harvard university several lectures on alcohol, from a scientific standpoint. No one doubts that excessive use of alcoholic beverages is ruinous, but there are a good many conflicting theories as to their effects when employed in strict moderation. It is contended on the one hand that alcohol in all its forms is a poison and a poison only, and on the other that it is nourishing when combined with vegetable acids and other products of fermentation, as in light wines, etc. The general conclusion of Dr. James is in favor of total abstinence, though he denies the correctness of some of the views put forth in temperance literature. Thus he explains that the experiments of Austrie and Parke have demonstrated that it is not true that no alcohol is destroyed in the body and that it is all excreted. Only the excess over about one and a half ounce per diem thus passes off. Taken in addition to the usual quantity of food, alcohol increases the weight of the body, and compensates for a diminution of the ordinary amount of food. It does this, however, rather by reducing the demand for food. This effect is not desirable, and alcohol is only the least hurtful alternative for insufficient diet. It increases palpation, but only temporarily. It dilates the blood vessels, and thus increases warmth in the surface, but meanwhile the temperature of the interior blood has fallen. It is the worst of stimulants for the muscles, coffee coming next. It is chiefly pleasant as an anæsthetic but it excites the imagination while dulling the judgment. Any task requiring more than half an hour for its accomplishment was better be done without alcohol than with it. It should not be taken before or during work but after it if at all. It helps digestion only as a flavor and the same result may be more safely and as effectually obtained by the use of other flavors, especially fruits. There are nations which appear healthy, though constantly using alcohol, yet the statistics of insurance companies show that where 1000 teetotalers ought to have died only 801 did die, while of other people, presumably moderate drinkers, out of 2050 who might be expected to die 1995 actually did so. Dr. James, therefore, thinks it the most judicious course in this overworked age and country of ours for young men of average health to avoid being "handicapped by a beverage, the effects of which are, on the whole, likely to be injurious." He thus reaches the same end as reformers, though without adopting their processes of reasoning.

We have been offered a communication written by a person on the east side of the river, in which Mayor Thompson is attacked in a scurrilous and mendacious manner for his veto of the Pine street ferry ordinance. This paper cannot permit itself to be made the instrument of indecent attack on men either in public or private capacity by persons who would like to conceal their own names. In this case it is assumed that Mayor Thompson vetoed the ordinance because he wants to hold for his own use the foot of Pine street, adjacent to Block 81. Now the fact is that the owners of Block 81, Messrs. Thompson and Dolph, make no claim whatever to the street, nor do they so much as pretend to have any ground for such claim. The metes and bounds of the block is the extent of their ownership. The principal ground of the veto was that there never has been a street laid out and established over the property where it is proposed to establish this ferry landing. Moreover it is questioned whether the common council has the right under the charter to establish ferry landings. But it is said that Mayor Thompson approved the ordinance for the ferry at Jefferson street. The difference is that Jefferson street is a public thoroughfare to the river, and the foot of any such street may undoubtedly be used for a ferry landing by any person to whom the county court may grant a license. It is questionable whether the Jefferson street ordinance was at all necessary to establish the right to operate the ferry there. The ordinance, however, secured to the city the fire service of the boats landing at the foot of the street and this was one of the main objects of its enactment. If Pine street were an open thoroughfare to the river, as Jefferson street is, then the person or company to whom the county court might issue a ferry license could operate a ferry there, though the city of course would have power to establish the grade and regulate the improvement of the street. Undoubtedly too the city has the right and power to open Pine street to the river, when a ferry may be established there if the county court shall see fit to grant a license. This whole matter is an extremely simple one, and there is no occasion for getting befogged over it.

The Oregonian has never entertained a doubt that a railroad would be built from Puget sound over the Cascade mountains; but when that work will be consummated is a question of another kind. It will probably be undertaken after the Northern Pacific main line shall have been completed. A paper at Walla Walla wants us to take notice of the fact that Mr. French, railroad commissioner, says that the Cascade branch must be built over the mountains to Tacoma this year if possible, and next year without fail, and that in case of delinquency measures will be taken by the government to compel it. While it is not to be doubted that the Cascade branch will be built as soon as practicable, it may be as well to observe that Mr. French, who is supposed to be talking in this authoritative way is not "the government." But only an overzealous clerk of a bureau, whose utterances carry about as much authority as those of anybody else, would say that the old saw that "a rolling stone gathers no moss" is not applicable to railroads. We are practical Mill Men and have considerable experience in the building and operation of Saw Mills, and have secured the services of a practical Mill Man who has had many years' experience in the Mills on the Sound, and we are now able to offer this Invaluable information to all

TATUM & BOWEN,
Seattle and Portland.

P. S. We have bought the interest of Mr. J. A. Gibbs in Saw Mill Machinery, and have secured his services. We will change name of Gibbs to Gilman, and will continue the lines, enlarging as we May. Our Machinery Agency is open for the Pacific coast.

NEW TO-DAY.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED.

A NEW BRICK, OF SEVERAL ROOMS, [illegible]

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

[illegible] MERCHANT, [illegible]

WANTED.

$4000 [illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

WANTED.

A COMPETENT [illegible]

DR. R. ALDEN, DENTIST,

Room 24 Union Block, over Kirk's Bookstore, Washington street.

W. S. NEWBURY,

OPTICIAN,

ROOM 18, UNION BLOCK.

CANYON GARDEN PICNIC EVERY SUNDAY.

[illegible]

NOTICE.

I HAVE SOLD THIS DAY TO STEVENS & [illegible]

HODGE, DAVIS & CO.

Have Just Received

25 tons Prince's Metallic Roof Paint.
10 bbls. Gline's Liquid Roof Paint.
Four Colors.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

[illegible]

TO THE WHITE HOUSE!

SUNDAY, JUNE 8th,

THE ELEGANT AND COMMODIOUS STEAMER

WASHINGTON

Will leave foot of Morrison street for the White House at Dalles City at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Returning, leave Dalles City at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. Round trip tickets to White House and return, $1.

The Independent Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria

WILL GIVE A

GRAND PICNIC

JUNE 12th,

AT THE GAMBRINUS GARDENS.

Tickets 50c. Children half price.

FOR THE DALLES.

U. R. SCOTT & CO. THROUGH LINE.

The New and Fast Passenger Steamer

FLEETWOOD

Will leave foot of Morrison street daily, at 7 A. M. Sundays excepted, CONNECTING at The Dalles with the

Propeller GOLD DUST

At the Upper Cascades for the Interior. [illegible]

FIREWORKS!

FLAGS AND TORPEDOES,

Devil Rockets, Paper Lanterns, Torbillions, Mitrets, Serolls and Roman Candles,

SKY ROCKETS.

WILLIAM BECK & SON,

165 and 167 Second St.,

Between Morrison and Yamhill.

FINAL & CLOSING

AUCTION SALE

Of Balance of Stock of

PICTURES,
STEREOSCOPES,
ALBUMS,
FRAMES,
ETC.

THIS EVENING,

SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1884,

At 8 o'clock P. M.

SIMON HARRIS,

19 First Street, bet. Pine and Ash.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

No. 155. No. 155.

THE PALACE

BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,

Cor. Third and Morrison Sts.

WE HAVE THIS DAY OPENED

80 CASES

Men's, Women's and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES

[illegible]

AT LOWER PRICES

[illegible]

WE KEEP

[illegible]

EVERYBODY.

COUNTRY ORDERS A SPECIALTY.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CARDWELL & BENNETT,

THE

PALACE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,

Cor. Third and Morrison Streets,

Portland, Oregon.

A. B. RICHARDSON ..... AUCTIONEER

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.

I will sell at Nathan's Auction House,

This Day, Saturday, June 4th,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED

[illegible]

LOST.

A SMALL KEY. THE FINDER will [illegible]

NEW TO-DAY.

CLEARANCE SALE

AT THE

White House

As we intend enlarging and making other extensive alterations in our building, we have marked down our entire stock, so as to insure speedy sales, and present to our patrons, for the next six weeks, The greatest bargains in

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY

AND

FANCY GOODS

Ever Offered in the City.

BL'K & COL'D CASHMERES
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

BLACK & COLORED SILKS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

NEW STYLE PLAIDS IN WOOL AND SILK
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

SILK SURAH PLAIDS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

BLACK & COL'D BUNTINGS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

GRENADINES, BROCADE AND PLAIN,
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

BLACK SURAH SATINS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

BLACK SATIN DE LYONS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

FRINGES, GIMPS, ORNAMENTS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

BUTTONS, TRIMMINGS, ETC.,
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

LACE NECKWEAR
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

CLOAKS, CAPES & WRAPS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

LATEST NOVELTIES
IN
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

This is a splendid opportunity for purchasers, and we invite such to examine goods and compare prices.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,
123 FIRST ST.

NOTICE TO SAW MILL MEN.

[illegible]

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

AT SALESROOM, NO. 42 FIRST ST.

TUESDAY, JUNE 7, at 10 A. M.,

We will sell, on account of departure,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ALSO

A FINE BED LOUNGE,

ALSO

MERCHANDISE.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

MEETING NOTICES.

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

Oregon Railway and Navigation Co.

[illegible]

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE AUCTION.

Regular Auction Sales of Real Estate will be held weekly, on Thursdays, at my office, 28 Washington street. The first sale will take place on

THURSDAY, JUNE 12th, AT 10 A. M.

A number of valuable properties will be offered, including both residences and vacant lots.

For particulars will be given in a future advertisement.

J. FRED CLARK,
Late Clark & Upton
Real Estate Agent and Auctioneer.

NEW TO-DAY.

Special and Positive Auction Sale

of

Choice Homestead Property and Residences.

We are instructed by J. A. Wetmore, Esq., (or will be sold by him then, at the office of W. R. Ladd, Lansdowne, corner of Stark and First Streets, on

Monday, June 13, 1881,

Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.

THAT CHOICE HOMESTEAD PROPERTY

[illegible]

Parcel No. 2.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 3.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 4.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 5.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 7.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 8.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 9.

[illegible]

Parcel No. 10.

[illegible]

The above described choice and desirable property will be sold in

TITLE PERFECT. SALE POSITIVE.

Terms: One-third Cash; balance one and two years.

We invite the particular attention of buyers to this sale, as it affords an opportunity seldom presented.

G. L. MAN & CO., Auctioneers.

WANTS.

WANTED.

[illegible]

AGENTS WANTED.

[illegible]

WANTED.

[illegible]

WANTED.

[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

INFORMATION WANTED

[illegible]

PRIVATE BOARDING.

ROOMS WITH BOARD.

[illegible]

ROOMS WITH BOARD.

[illegible]

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

[illegible]

TO RENT.

[illegible]

FOR RENT.

A FINE, WELL FURNISHED COTTAGE OF SIX [illegible]

FOR RENT.

[illegible]

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

[illegible]

FOR RENT.

A [illegible]

TO RENT.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH. NICELY [illegible]

FOR SALE.

ONE [illegible]

FOR SALE—WELL SLAUGHTER.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

A SMITH'S [illegible]

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

A SALOON IN A GOOD LOCATION IN THIS [illegible]

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY KNOWN [illegible]

600,000 BRICK FOR SALE.

[illegible]

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

[illegible]

GENTLEMEN'S DANCING CLASS.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

R. [illegible]

WELLS, MORGAN, Wholesale and Retail [illegible]

CLOSING OUT

Our Retail Business!

OUR RETAIL STOCK TO BE SOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS.

As after July 1st we shall pay our attention exclusively to the Wholesale Trade in

Fancy Dry Goods, Millinery AND Straw Goods,

We shall offer until that date our entire retail stock at a great sacrifice in prices.

EVERYTHING IN OUR DRESS GOODS STOCK.
EVERYTHING IN OUR LINEN STOCK.
EVERYTHING IN OUR WHITE GOODS STOCK.
EVERYTHING IN OUR RETAIL HOSIERY STOCK.
EVERYTHING IN OUR RETAIL NOTIONS STOCK.
EVERYTHING IN OUR RETAIL STOCK OF

Shawls, Flannels, Domestics, Quilts, Towels, Towelings, Curtain Nets, Lace Curtains, Laces, Embroideries, Buttons, Trimmings, etc.,

Must be disposed of by July 1st. Purchasers have only to give immediate examination of the inducements we now offer to be convinced that we mean what we say, and that our prices will be found fully 25 per cent. lower than may be had elsewhere.

MOONEY & VALENTINE,
FIRST AND TAYLOR STS.

STORE TO RENT.

IT IS COMING!

OUR

[illegible]

TO THE GLORIOUS FOURTH!

PREPARE FOR IT!

BRING YOUR WIVES, SISTERS, CHILDREN, AND ALL YOUR RELATIONS, AND SEE HOW WE WILL ASTONISH YOU.

LET US GIVE YOU AN IDEA OR TWO HOW TO SAVE MONEY AND TIME.

JUST CONSIGNED TO US FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA:

128 dozen CORSETS from 25c upward.
290 dozen LADIES' HOSE, 10c per pair upward.
420 dozen CHILDREN'S HOSE, 5c upward.
23,643 EMBROIDERIES, narrow, medium, wide and flouncings, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12½c to $2 75 per yd.
90 doz. ALL PURE LINEN HDKFS. from 10c up.
110 pieces RUCHINGS from 5c per yard upward.
300 doz. First Class KID GLOVES, all colors, 50c a pair. These are well worth $1.
LISLE-THREAD GLOVES, Ladies and Children's, at 25c on the dollar.
A heavy consignment of GIMPS, FRINGES, CORDS and TASSELS and BUTTONS.
1 case VEILINGS, BELTS, TIES, FICHUS, COLLARS and CUFFS, etc., at just half the prices usually asked.
1 case of PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS, sold for whom concerned.
A full line of Ladies, Children and Gent's SUMMER UNDERWEAR.
1 case of SUMMER SILKS, 50c per yard, sold everywhere at 75c.
LADIES' LINEN GOODS in endless variety.
HEAVY GOODS, such as DOMESTICS, etc., etc., always sold closer than any house in the trade.
SMALL WARES and NOTIONS at nominal prices; best stock in Oregon.
RIBBONS, RIBBONS, Plain and Brocaded; very handsome goods.

Come and see, and compare our prices, and you will surely patronize

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN OREGON.

[illegible]

221 FIRST ST.,

CORNER OF SALMON STREET.

WE WISH THE BUYING PUBLIC TO REMEMBER THAT EVERYTHING HERE PUT DOWN WILL BE FOUND IN OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AND AT SUCH LOW PRICES THAT YOU WILL BE CONVINCED WE UNDERSELL ALL OUR COMPETITORS.

H. B. LITT.

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

The growth of the Ladies' Ready-made Suit Department for the past two years has been remarkable, and may justly be attributed to the most efficient and thorough manner in which I have executed all orders entrusted to me. Send size of bust, length of sleeve and skirt, whether a Princess or Basque and Overskirt, about the age, and we will forward an Elegant All Wool Cashmere, or Fancy Material Dress, for from $15 to $30, with privilege of examining at Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, and if not perfectly suitable, we pay charges both ways. Black Dolmans from $10 to $35. Black Silks from $5 to $100.

Ladies may send their own material, and Mrs. Litt will make it up in style at moderate prices.

N. B. Following colors in Dresses—Navy Blue, Bottle Green, Seal Brown, Cadet and Lady Gray, Drab and Ashes of Roses. Address all letters H. B. LITT, Soule House, Portland, Or.

IMMENSE REDUCTION

In the Price of

CROCKERY,

Glassware, Chandeliers, Chimneys, Fancy Flower Pots.

Estimates given for large or small lots on the wharf.

[illegible]

169 FIRST STREET.

Issue 31 Years' Practical Experience. 1851

JOHN A. CHILD,

DRUGGIST,

Corner Morrison and Second Streets.

DEALER IN

Fine Chemicals, Perfumery, TOILET ARTICLES, Sponges, Soaps, Rubber Goods.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. 17th sem.

ASHLAND COLLEGE AND NORMAL SCHOOL,

Ashland, Jackson Co., Or.

REV. LAWELL ROGERS, A. M., President.
REV. LAURA LOVAL, A. M., Vice-President.

[illegible]

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In the Price of

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[illegible]

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Ashland, Jackson Co., Or.

REV. LAWELL ROGERS, A. M., President.
REV. LAURA LOVAL, A. M., Vice-President.

[illegible]

DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL!

[illegible]

DRY GOODS HOUSE

Received This Day, [illegible] Days from New York,

2 CASES

LACE BUNTINGS,

COLORED AND BLACK,

WARRANTED PURE WOOL,

3½ CENTS PER YARD.

Regular Price [illegible]

[illegible]

ABOVE SACRIFICE

[illegible]

Cor. First and Washington Sts.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

[illegible] GILMAN. [illegible] FOSTER

GILMAN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

No. 42 First St., bet. Pine and Ash.

[illegible]

S. FRIEDMAN,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

Salesroom No. 214 First St., P. O. Box 574, Portland, Oregon.

[illegible]

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

[illegible]

67 FIRST STREET,

THE BEST ON THE COAST.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

S. A. SOLOMON, Prop.

CLARENDON HOTEL,

[illegible]

ZIEBER & KNOWLES, Proprietors.

New Franken Chop House

Saturday, the 21st inst.

EVERYTHING NEW AND FIRST-CLASS.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT

[illegible]

HODGE, DAVIS & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Druggists' Sundries Department.

COMPLETE OUTFITS FOR NEW STORES IN [illegible]

Shelf Ware, Flint and Labels.
Sections of Drawers, with Labels.
SHOW CANES.
SHOW BOTTLES.
OINTMENT JARS.
ACID BOTTLES.
GRADUATES, English and American.
FUNNELS, Glass, Porcelain and Rubber.
MORTARS, Glass, Porcelain, Wedgewood and Iron.
EVAPORATING DISHES.
PILL TILES.
DRUG MILLS and TINCTURE PRESSES.
PERCOLATORS.
RETORTS and
RETORT STANDS.

PRESCRIPTION VIALS.

Flint and Green, Round, Square, Oval and Panel Bottles.

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES

COUNTER SCALES.

Various Styles and Prices from Brass and Nickel Plated.

PRESCRIPTION SCALES,

Cheapest and Very Best.

SETS OF WEIGHTS.

AVOIRDUPOIS WEIGHTS.
APOTHECARIES WEIGHTS.
TROY WEIGHTS.
GRAIN WEIGHTS.

METRIC SYSTEM WEIGHTS.

Our Scales and Weights are from the very best manufacturers and are warranted correct. We have a very fine line of these goods, which we offer at extremely low prices.

Druggists and General Dealers located outside the Portland market to find a large and varied assortment from which to select, here. Call and examine.

HODGE, DAVIS & CO.,

92 and 94 Front Street, corner Stark,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

[illegible]

CLINTON DAY, ARCHITECT.

[illegible]

JOSEPH H. SIMMS,

[illegible]

ALFRED KINNEY, M. D.,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

[illegible]

CASCADE MOUNTAIN ICE.

[illegible]

J. M. G. RALEIGH.

Columbia River Steam Ferry

[illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1881.

CITY.

RETURNED MISSIONARIES.—Rev. J. F. Walker and wife, who have spent ten years as missionaries in Shanghai, China, have recently returned to this country for a year's rest. They have spent several years at Forest Grove, where Mr. Walker was educated, and where his aged mother, herself for years a missionary with her husband among the Indians of Washington territory, still resides. Mr. and Mrs. Walker will spend Sunday in this city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Shindler. Sunday morning Mr. Walker will address the First Congregational church, and in the evening at 8 o'clock, Mrs. Walker will address a meeting of ladies only. This will be the only opportunity to hear these returned missionaries as they expect to start June 20.

LECTURE ON TEMPERANCE.—Mrs. Williams, whose afternoon lectures to a large class of ladies upon Sesame, Lamb, Hedge and others of the great authors, has been so highly enjoyed and commented on by people here in all orthodox regions, will give a special lecture at the Unitarian church, on Tuesday evening. Her subject will be temperance. Mrs. Williams' former lectures on biblical and profound knowledge of her subject, as the same are graced with attractive eloquence, poured out from her all who heard them. The coming lecture is expected much out of the usual line, and will attract from the intellectual world, ranged before and behind the platform.

THE NEW ATTACHMENT.—The contest between Judgment Mr. Lasher (trustee) and Sheriff Hurlburt over the property in Little Bazar, has been settled by agreement. Mr. Lasher is now in the hotel. The chattel attachment is now held by the county clerk. The lease of the building expires on Sunday, and Mr. Lasher will not renew. Mr. Hurlburt or Sheriff Shindler will be the tenant. Mr. Lasher will sell at auction on Saturday, June 11, 1881, interest on $3,000 from March 1, 1881, interest on $1,000 from May 1, 1881, and for the balance from June 1, 1881.

THE THOMPSON MEDALS.—Thursday afternoon of next week competitive examinations for the medals offered by Mayor S. F. Thompson for the best reader under the first and second grades of the grammar department of the several public schools will take place. The following committee has been chosen to select the grades: Dr. Geo. H. Atkinson, Hon. E. Seattle, Col. John McCraken, Mrs. C. A. Dolph and Mrs. A. Henderson. The medals are the work-assembly of Shook, are as large as a dollar, and handsomely engraved.

CITY ELECTION.—Thursday evening Unity No. 10, A. O. U. W., held its election for officers for the ensuing term, and chose the following named gentlemen to fill the positions: E. C. Wheeler, M. W.; J. Prager, Foreman; Wm. Church, Overseer; W. S. Strode, Recorder; P. M. Gates, Financier; Wm. Gottlieb, Receiver; P. W. Zeigler, Guide; A. J. Pittelkow, U. W.; F. M. Benson, O. W.; J. W. Shindler and W. D. Palmer, Trustees.

WHEAT CROPS.—Eighty thousand bushels of wheat, of last year's crop, still remain stored in the Farmers' warehouses at Tangent and Albany. Old this large residue to the crop of the present year, which promises to be large, and some estimate may be formed of the magnitude of the surplus of grain that will remain for sale and shipment after the opening of harvest from Linn county alone.

TRIAL OF HORSES.—This afternoon, commencing at 1 o'clock, several teams which have been hired to the city for Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. will be tried by the committee on fire and water of the common council, and Chief Engineer Dolan. The test of strength will be hauling the truck up the levee grade on Third street from Clay to Mill.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS' INSTITUTE, ADDRESS BY DR. ATKINSON.—This morning at 10 o'clock the regular monthly institute of the teachers of the public schools will convene in the Central school, room I. By special invitation Dr. Atkinson will address the teachers. The public are cordially invited.

SAD RECOVERY.—Search was renewed yesterday morning for the body of Jas. McComb, who fell overboard from the pontoon at the foot of Stark street, Tuesday evening and was drowned. The search was continued during most of the day, but to no result.

RETURNED TO ATTEND.—The children of the Sunday school of the Church of Our Father, and others interested, are expected to attend service on Sunday, and will be addressed by the pastor, concerning the incident in the old Baptistery of Florence.

PRECAUTION.—In consequence of the unsettled state of the weather, the picnic and excursion which was announced to come off to-day under the management of the Unitarian Sunday school, has been postponed until further notice.

FOR THE DALLES.—The little propeller Fleetwood is now making daily trips to the Cascades, at which point connection is made with the Gold Dust stage. The Fleetwood leaves every morning, Sundays excepted, at 6 o'clock.

THE EXCURSION.—The steamer Washington will leave the foot of Morrison street, for the White House to-morrow Sunday, at 10 A. M. 12 M. and 3 P. M. Return trips, 10 A. M. 1 and 3 P. M. Round trip tickets, 50 cents.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—This evening the regular open temperance meeting will be held at the Y. M. C. A. hall. Rev. J. A. Cruzan will address the meeting. A vocalist and piano duet will be rendered by Mr. Bettman and Mrs. Bird.

NEW SCHEDULE.—Elsewhere will be found the schedule of sailing dates of the steamers Columbia, State of California and Oregon, from Portland and from San Francisco. The public will do well to consult these dates.

LOCAL STEAMERS.—Mr. Thomas Monteith, of the Albany flouring mills, will ship, through Rodgers, Meyer & Co., on one of their outgoing vessels, in a few days, 10,000 barrels of flour. The cargo is consigned to Liverpool.

NEW RESIDENCE.—Judge Bramhall has moved his present residence to Lowndale and Morrison, and will erect on the vacant spot a large and handsome residence, thus enhancing the appearance of the neighborhood.

EN ROUTE TO VANCOUVER.—The new propeller Fleetwood will leave foot of Morrison street to-morrow at 10 A. M., returning, leaves Vancouver at 3:30 P. M. Fare, (round trip) fifty cents.

POSTPONED.—The regatta of the Portland Rowing Association, which was to have taken place this afternoon, has been postponed one week, owing to necessary repairs to one of the boats.

GOING TO SEA.—The steamship Columbia which sailed hence yesterday morning for San Francisco, crossed the bar bound out yesterday evening at 6 o'clock.

WILL SAIL.—The steamer Oregon will sail from San Francisco for Portland this morning at 10 o'clock, with freight and passengers.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Tatum & Bowen, San Francisco and Portland, are the agents of L. Hoe & Co.'s celebrated saws.

Cardwell & Bennett of the Palace boot and shoe house, corner of Third and Morrison streets, have just opened 50 cases of mens', womens' and children's boots and shoes, all of the finest eastern manufacture. These will be offered at the lowest prices. Give them your gentlemen a call.

Lowe & Strauss, the well known dry goods dealers, make a special announcement this morning which should be read by all purchasers of dry goods. They intend to remodel their store this summer and want to have as little goods as possible to handle. For the coming six weeks, therefore, they offer everything in their splendid stock which was selected for Portland's best trade, at clearance prices. The firm's reputation for good faith with the public in the past years, warrants the statement that the promises made will be kept.

AUCTION SALES.

At 10 o'clock to-day A. H. Richardson will hold a regular sale at Nathan's salesroom. A lot of articles will be sold.

The grand and closing auction sale of the balance of Simon Harris' stock of pictures, stereoscopes, albums, frames will be held this Saturday evening. Sale will commence at 8 o'clock. Do not fail to attend this sale.

FOR RENT.—The store now occupied by Mosley & Valentine, 103 First street. Possession July 1st. Rent low. Apply at once.

Though it may be too late this week to expect to arrange for a new suit to order and get it for next day, yet it is not too late to order your favorite Oak Hall cut and something is that like which will certainly please yourself, wife and family at Shapiro & Bro.'s, Oak street, east of First.

You don't need to mortgage your house to buy a new suit from Woods, the Hatter, to the tune to get it.

Destruction of elegant Picture Frames and Albums at 5 cents. Harris' will be considered bankrupt.

Anyone desiring to sell their household furniture may find a purchaser by addressing box 1,000, Portland.

You can get your Hats ironed at the usual reduced rates at 129 Second street. Goods called for and delivered.

Dealers need not go to Chicago to find in large quantities, but can find as large assortments and as low prices in Portland. Send for prices.

Fresh Strawberries and Cream every day at Pettygrove's Ice Cream Parlors, Third and Alder streets.

Wanted—Everybody to call at the Boston Bakery for their bread, cakes and pies. Everything fresh every day. Remember the place, 129 Second street

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1881.

THE CZAR—TWO PICTURES OF HIM.

MR. EDITOR: The late Russian Czar should have all the credit he deserves, and with this opinion I send you the following:

The Pall Mall Gazette, one of the very ablest and most candid of the liberal journals of England, speaks of the late CZAR as "the greatest and in many respects the noblest sovereign in Europe," and adds that "since Henry of Navarre fell by the dagger of Ravaillac, no European sovereign has deserved as well of his subjects and was repaid so ill."

If that is correct, the European kings must be miserable specimens of rulers, for the late CZAR was a merciless tyrant, and for the honor of humanity I hope there are no more rulers who are as brutal as he was. By way of comment on the above, read the following account of one of ten thousand cases of merciless punishment inflicted by the CZAR's order, not only in Siberia, but even in Russia itself. Despotism is as bad in Russia as it is anywhere else. Read:

THE JUSTICE OF THE CZAR.

The Abbe Stenoritsk, formerly superior of the late convent of Bielitzsee, at Oversiu, took part in the last Polish revolution. He was sent by the CZAR Nicholas to laborin the mines of Siberia, where he plotted, with several others, to effect their escape. For this he was condemned by the late emperor to receive seven thousand lashes. The carrying out of the sentence was indeed horrible. In March, 1857, two battalions were drawn up in the great square of Omsk, under the orders of Gen. Galafejew, the cruel servant of a cruel master. Stororitski and his companions were brought out, and the judgment was read aloud with the words "without mercy," which it contained, being especially emphasized. The culprits were stripped to the waist, and their hands were tied behind to a bayonet. Each one, by turns, walked along the whole battalion, every soldier administering to him a blow with a rod with his full strength. A thousand blows fell, and then each miserable, torn, bleeding victim was sent back to receive another thousand.

On the third journey they all fell dead. Stororitski had been kept until the last, that he might behold the horrors endured by his friends. A military surgeon tendered him a small vial containing some drops of cordial, which he refused, crying, "I want not your drops. Take my blood and drink it!" He started on his fearful journey singing, "God be merciful!" and his wild accents were gradually lost in the thud of the sticks striking his bare flesh, and in the loud words of command of the general showing, "Strike harder, strike harder!" When Stororitski received the first thousand blows, he fell fainting, his blood dropping on the snow. He was placed upright on a sledge, and tied so as to expose his back to the full weight of the descending rods. The unhappy man continued to groan until he was dragged four times before the battalion. He then became silent; and the last three thousand blows fell on a corpse.

We have searched the records in vain to find the letter or telegram of condolence sent by the government of the United States to the family of the Abbe Stororitski, but cannot find it.—*House and Home.*

ARCHAISMS IN THE REVISED NEW TESTAMENT.

Professor Fisher, of Yale, contributes a scholarly and thorough review of "The Revised New Testament" to the June Scribner, enumerating all the important changes and on the whole commending the conscientious and careful work of the revisers, although he takes exception in some few minor instances. After giving several examples of the changes made by the committee, he writes as follows:

"The authors of the New Revision, had they undertaken to exclude all archaisms, would have been obliged to go further in modifying the tone of the received version than was necessary or desirable. They have wisely decided to retain such as are perfectly intelligible and and cannot be dropped without dispelling in some degree the atmosphere that invests the ancient translation. There is no objection to saying that Joseph 'minded to put her away privily' (Matt. i. 19). Everyone sees the meaning of 'minded' at a glance, without reflection. In some instances, however, archaic forms have been retained, which are less agreeable, and which might have been spared without the least harm. Why was it necessary to retain the word 'howsoever' in 'Thy speech bewrayeth thee' (Matt. xxvi. 73)? The difference between this word and 'bewrayeth,' if there be any difference, readers will not discern. In the Lord's Prayer, why do we still read, 'which art in heaven,' for 'who art in heaven?' It appears that the retention of 'which' is due to the English branch of the board of revisers. It is a remarkable fact that the English company, with the uprightness which belongs to the character of true scholars, and with a genuine English boldness in a matter where truth is at stake, do not hesitate to alter the form of the Lord's Prayer by substituting 'as we have forgiven' for 'as we forgive,' and 'deliver us from the evil one,' in the room of 'deliver us from evil'—it is remarkable, we say, that the same scholars should cling to the old 'which' for the modern and more grammatical 'who.' Fearless in revising the Greek text to make it accord with the demands of truth, they are excessively cautious about modifying the English phrases which represent it. Owing to the same mood of feeling they hold on to 'whiles'—'whiles thou art in the way with him'—(Matt. v. 25) as if 'while in the room of it were not harmless, and a better word for the modern ear. If it be asked why 'which' is kept in the Lord's prayer and 'whiles' in the Sermon on the Mount, the solution must be found in that conscious conservatism in minor things which belongs, in union with a courageous spirit of progress, to the English mind, and is discerned in many phenomena of English life. Why do the boys in the great school at Winchester still eat their supper off wooden plates? Why do the lawyers and judges still load their heads with ponderous wigs? When such questions are answered, the reason will perhaps be found why the giving up dear old 'which' and 'whiles' is a thing not to be thought of."

French Tragedy.

[Richard Grant White in June Atlantic.]

The easy flow of French conversation—which makes seeing French comedy like having one going into society done for us (as the Turk would have his dancing)—when it ceases to flow and sparkle irregularly, and swells into the solemn waves of Alexandrian verses, each like the other rising six syllables, pausing an instant, and falling six into the trough of rhyme, becomes as dreary as a stage prospect of an artificial ocean; and we think, if this is poetry, how delightful must have been the lifelong speech of Monsieur Jourdain! And yet of such eternal talk in verse all French tragedies are made up.

I am able to say that this appreciation of French tragedy was that of Rachel herself. I knew her and talked with her about her art; and one evening when there was no one else by to listen she spoke without reserve of the dullness of French tragedy, and its lack of character. She condemned it wholly, and expressed her great regret that she did not know Shakespeare until it was too late for her to study his plays, even to act them in translation, for she could not speak English. She spoke with enthusiastic admiration of Shakespeare, and almost with contempt of Corneille and Racine. And although she knew me as the author of Shakespeare's Scholar, which had just then been published, she was somewhat older than I was, and, being a woman, she was really much older. Moreover, she was the great tragedian of the age, and I but a young dilettante author; and therefore there is no reason to believe that this comparison and confession were in compliment to a man of English blood and speech and a student of Shakspeare. I saw that she meant and felt all that she said. Others, indeed, shared with us this appreciation of the French drama; but I have never seen the reasons for it particularly set forth; and the light which her genius cast upon its dull formalities was by some who should have been sharper-eyed mistaken for its own.

Life in Other Worlds.

[From the London Telegraph.]

Two interesting problems which have long perplexed the scientific world appear to have been at last definitively solved by the eminent geologist, Dr. Hahn. These questions are, first, whether or not celestial bodies, other than the earth, belonging to our solar system, are inhabited by animate beings, and, secondly, whether the meteoric stones from time to time cast upon the surface of this globe emanate from incandescent comets or from volcanic planets. That they at no time formed a part of the earth itself has been conclusively demonstrated. Dr. Hahn has recently completed a series of investigations upon some of the large meteoric stones that fell from the skies in Hungary during the summer of 1866. Thin laminæ of these mysterious bodies, subjected to the examination under a powerful microscope, have been found to contain coralline and spongeous formations, and to reveal unmistakable traces of the lower form of vegetation. All the organisms, animal and vegetable, discovered by Dr. Hahn in the delicate stone shavings he has thus dealt with indicate the condition of their parent world to be one of what is technically termed "primary formation;" but the presence of water in that world is proved by the fact that the tiny petrified creatures revealed by the magic of the lens, one and all, belong to the so-called subaqueous classes of animals. They could not, therefore, have possibly existed in comets, at least if the assumption be correct that these are in a state of active combustion.

Liverpool Wheat Market.

LIVERPOOL, June 3.—Breadstuffs dull; wheat 8s 2d per cental for red western spring.

MISERABLENESS.

The most wonderful and marvelous success in cases where persons are sick or pining away from a condition of miserableness that no one knows what ails them, (profitable patients for doctors), is obtained by the use of Hop Bitters. They begin to cure from the first dose and keep it up until perfect health and strength is restored. Whoever is afflicted in this way need not suffer, when they can get Hop Bitters. See "Truths" and "Proverbs" in another column.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—Sterling exchange on London bankers, 60 days, 4.84½@4.84¾; sight, 4.86¾@4.87; cable transfers, 4.87½@4.87¾.

Transfers, par.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Silver bullion, 1040 fine 99 cents per ounce, 112.

Sterling exchange prime bankers', long 4 84½; short, 4.86¾. Legal tenders, from 100 to ½ lower. Government coupons, 100 5-16. Currency, 100 8-16 asked.

U. S. bonds—is of '81, 101¾; 4s, 115; 4s, 118.

LONDON, June 2.—Consols, 100 5-16, money; 100 9-16 account.

Silver bullion English standard, 925 fine per fine ounce 52½.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Silver bars, 112; money easy, 2@3; government bonds, stocks lower. Sales: W. U., 127,; Quicksilver, 17¾; do pf., 80¾; Mail, 74; Martiposa, offered; Wells Fargo, 127; N. Y. Central, 140; Erie, 48; Tunnan 250; U. P., 118¾; bonds, 114; C. P., 96½; bonds, 107, Sonora, 2½; Mineral Creek, 150.

LONDON, June 3.—Consols, 100 5-16 for money and account. Erie, 50¾.

NEW YORK FREIGHTS AND MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The freight market has been quiet to-day owing to a cold easterly storm and ships have done very little. Rates continue firm at the late advance and it is possible that there may be a further advance in case of continued scarcity of tonnage, and while it is nights available, as there are very few ships coming this way. Liverpool is quiet and Nichols to labor in the mines of Siberia, where he plotted, with several others, to effect their escape. For this he was condemned by the late emperor to receive seven thousand lashes. The carrying out of the sentence was indeed horrible. In March, 1857, two battalions were drawn up in the great square of Omsk, under the orders of Gen. Galafejew, the cruel servant of a cruel master. Stororitski and his companions were brought out, and the judgment was read aloud with the words "without mercy," which it contained, being especially emphasized. The culprits were stripped to the waist, and their hands were tied behind to a bayonet. Each one, by turns, walked along the whole battalion, every soldier administering to him a blow with a rod with his full strength. A thousand blows fell, and then each miserable, torn, bleeding victim was sent back to receive another thousand.

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LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Postoffice at Portland, Multnomah county, Oregon, June 4, 1881. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

Ladies' List.

Allen, Miss Sil — Callaghan, Miss C
Aller, Miss A J — Gay, Miss A — Nixon, Miss —
Aller, Miss Jes — Gilbert, Mrs — Olmstead, Mi
Oliver, Miss M E
Bl — Miss — Hayes, Mrs Mc — Pond, Miss Jo
Brick, Miss — Hayes, Mrs J H
Burr an, Miss E — Howell, Mrs A — Reynolds, Miss A
Burkhardt, Miss M — Hutton, Mrs — Rossi, Mrs A
Rowland, Miss J
Eagles, Mrs Mary — Johnson, Mrs C — Mrs Ed
Chevers, Miss M
Clarke, Mrs C J — Kane, Miss L — Sedgwick, Miss M
Chesham, Mrs A — Kline, Miss M — Shuffler, Mrs G
Childs, Miss M — Kelly, Mrs H — Shively, Mrs Lizzie
Chapman, Miss L — Spicer, Mrs M
Chapman, Miss C — Lull, Mrs Wm — Smith, Miss D
Campbell, Mrs P M — Lessel, Mrs M — Mrs J M
La Bonan, Miss — Tabor, Mrs Jo
Davis, Miss F — Landsdale, Mrs — Tabor, Miss M
Davis, Miss M — Livingston, Mrs — Thompson, Mrs J
Davidson, Miss M D — Lovell, Mrs A — Thomas, Mrs J
Durgan, Mrs J — Mowry, Mrs H — Wiltbike, Mrs
Morehouse, Mrs A — Wells, Mrs J A
Morrison, Mrs C — Wilson, Mrs
Mortimer, Mrs C — Wilkes, Mrs M
Morrow an, Mrs A — Walker, Mrs K
Morrison, Miss J
Ernst, Mrs M — Mrs — Wilkinson, Mrs

Gents' List.

Abrams, J
Ames, E F — Gressen, Jo — Ryan, F P
Adams, S — Gerade, C — Smith, C J
Adams, S — Graves, W — Smith, W
Alb ott, A E
Anderson, R — Ruth, D
Armstrong, D H — Hayes, D — Rhoades, L
Adams, J — Hayes, J J — Rhoades, L
Mackinlay, T J — Royal
Brice, J H — Mosby, F — Bates, mr C W
Bender, F — Hale, R N — Read, J M
Bloyd, J R — Hawthorne, A M — Reilly, P
Ballard — Hansen, J — Reynolds, A S
Bates, C — Housley, A N — Rebit, Hy
Bayer, E — Holcombe, S F — Rider, N
Beery, Mr — Hall, J H — Riley, M J
Barclay, Orwell — Rutledge, W T S
Bryant, H W — Rose, S J
Brown, J — Rose, J
Brooks, S — Smith, J
Bailey, J F — Smith, J
Bowers, J M — Stewart, S
Bowers, J M — Stewart, S
Carlisle, H — Stevens, H
Clark, J — Stevens, H
Cassidy, E — Stevens, W
Cook, L C — Stevens, W
Cowling, S — Strahan, H
Conway, W — Stark, J
Cole, W — Stark, J
Cooke, J F — Smith, A
Cox, Jas F — Stevens, J
Chandler, Mr — Stevens, J
Chrisler, Lloyd — Stevens, J
Cutler, L — Taylor, S
Cooper, Jo — Thompson, T
Cox, N — Thompson, T
Chamberlain, C S — Tabor, H
Dean, W — Walker, C W
Davis, Thos — Wright, H
Dolliver, S — Wilson, W
Dean, H — Wilson, W
Dwight, J — Wilson, W
Dutler, H — Wilson, W
Evans, Jo — Wallace, W
Ewing, C — Wilson, W
Erlkson, H — Wilson, W
Elliott, H — Wilkinson, R
Fennell, H P — Wilkinson, R
Fisher, Mr — Wilkinson, R
Fenwick, H P — Wilkinson, W
Fisherman's — Whitehead, Mr H
Packhurst — Wood, A G
Fredrick, W — Wallace, J
Wallace, W
Gibson, C H — Pat Brown, J — Wallace, Wm
Gilbert, W — Peck, Fred — Washburn, Wm
Gidley, W — Pink Lamb — Young, T
Place, Hy

GEORGE F. COLE, P. M.

TRANSMITTED BY PHYSICIANS

TROPIC FRUIT LAXATIVE

Prepared from tropical fruits and herbs.

A Delicious and Refreshing Fruit Lozenge, Which Serves the Purpose of Pills and Disagreeable Purgative Medicines.

TROPIC-FRUIT LAXATIVE is the best preparation in the world for Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Piles and all Kindred Complaints. It acts gently, effectively, and is delicious to take. Cleansing the system thoroughly, it imparts vigor to mind and body, and dispels Melancholy, Hypochondria, etc. *One trial convinces.* Packed in bronzed tin boxes only.

Price 25 and 60 Cts. Sold by all Druggists.

INDEPENDENCE DAY!

RACES! RACES!

The Northwestern District Agricultural Association

Will give their first meeting at the new park, near East Portland, on

MONDAY, JULY 4, 1881.

And continuing four days. The following programme was adopted by the Board:

First Day.

1:30 P. M. Trotting for 2:26 class. First horse $400; second, $250; third horse, $75..... 750

3 P. M. Running race; dash of 5 furlongs (1 1-4 of a mile), for all ages. First horse, $300; second horse, $120; third horse, $40..... 400

3:45 P. M. Running race; dash of one mile and repeat. First horse, $600; second horse $150; third horse, $50..... 800

Second Day, July 5.

10 A. M. Glass ball shooting for a purse open to all the Pacific Coast, for teams of 4 persons, ten balls each; first team $125, second $50, third $25; entrance 10 per cent., or $10 per team..... 500

1:30 P. M. Trotting for 2:40 class, open to all horses owned May 20th in Oregon, Idaho and Washington Territory. First horse, $240; second horse, $120, third horse, $40..... 400

3 P. M. Trotting for 2:26 class, open to the coast. First horse, $800; second horse, $150; third horse, $50..... 500

Third Day, July 6th.

1:30 P. M. Trotting race for gentlemen's road horses in road wagons, to be driven by their owners or private gentlemen who have never driven a race for money. First horse, $150; second horse, $50..... 200

2:20 P. M. Trotting race for 2:35 class, to which all horses owned in Oregon, Idaho and Washington Territories. First horse $300, second horse $150, and third horse $50..... 500

3:10 P. M. Running race for all ages, dash of one mile and a half. First horse $450, second horse $140, and third horse $50..... 650

Fourth Day, July 7.

1:30 P. M. Trotting race, free for all horses on the Pacific coast. First horse $450, second horse $225, third horse $75..... 750

3 P. M. Running race for all ages, 2½ miles. First horse $400, second horse $200, and third horse $50..... 650

3:45 P. M. Consolation purse for all horses that have not won first or second money during the week, a consolation of a mile. First horse $180, second horse $60, and third horse $30..... 300

$5700

Entrance ten per cent on all the above trotting purses, to close Monday, June 20, 1881, at 7 P. M., of which chance one-half must accompany the nomination. The entrance money on running races on Monday, July 4, must be paid to the secretary, at 6 P. M. on the previous Saturday, July 2d, and all other entering races on the night before the race at 6 P. M.

All races must be ridden in road dress, to be filled with the secretary. Three entries to fill, or no race. All the trotting races are mile heats, three in five, National rules to govern. Running races governed by Pacific Road Horse rules.

C. B. KNAPP, President.

TOOS, Secretary.

THE PORTLAND ICE WORKS

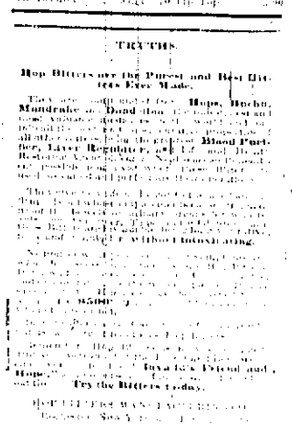
WILL DELIVER ICE TO REGULAR CUSTOMERS, 25 pounds or more a day, 1 to 200 pounds. Supplies promptly attended to at above rates, with 25 cents additional for each orders from 25 to 100 pounds. Factory—Ninth Street, between Market and Clay streets. Office—No. 1 Front street, between Market and Madison streets.

HARRIS & SALMON, Proprietors.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.

MORNING BOARD.



TRUTHS.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Medicine Ever Made.

Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, the Most Celebrated, Valuable Medicines of all other Countries, are Combined in Hop Bitters, Forming the Best Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator and Life and Health Restorer in the World.

Hop Bitters cure all Diseases caused by bad blood, all Chronic, Constitutional Complaints, and are the only medicine that ever did or could cure Drunkenness, Opium and Tobacco Habits.

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Hop Bitters are a Perfect Remedy for all Diseases of the Digestive Organs, Kidneys, Bladder and Nervous System.

Hop Bitters are the Best Family Medicine ever used. Try the Bitters to-day.

Hedge, Ogden & Co.

BANKS.

The Portland Savings Bank

OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

PAYS INTEREST UPON DEPOSITS.

RATES: Three per cent. per annum on deposits left three months, four per cent. per annum if left six months, six per cent. per annum if left twelve months.

Directors:

D. P. Thompson, J. W. Ladd, M. S. Bennett,
Frank Dekum, J. N. Dolph, S. Hirsch,
R. G. Reidmore, Geo. W. Weidler, W. V. Spencer,
Wm. Barrell.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK, LIMITED.

President of Oregon Board of Directors, DONALD MACLEAY, Esq., of Oxford & Macleay.

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE Portland and within 100 miles.

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS 4, 5 and 6 per cent.

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

Deposits Received in Coin and Currency.

COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE ON

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, WASHINGTON D. C. — LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-MAIN, And HONG KONG.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid Up Capital..... $ 2,000,000
With power to increase to..... 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: 60 Cornhill, London.
BRANCHES: Victoria, B. C., San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS:

NEW YORK — Bank of Montreal.
CHICAGO — Bank of Montreal.
CANADA — Bank of Montreal.
MEXICO and SOUTH AMERICA — London Bank of Mexico and South America.
IRELAND — Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND — British Linen Company.
ENGLAND — National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL — Bank of Liverpool, North and South Wales Bank.

This Bank transacts a General Banking Business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool, and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland. Also on Australia, China, Japan, South America, and New Zealand.

FREDK TOWNSEND, Manager.

Bank of British North America.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID UP CAPITAL..... $5,000,000.

Head Office, London, Eng. and.

Branches in the Dominion of Canada:
Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Hamilton, — Kingston, Brockville, Belleville, Ottawa, — Fredericton, N. B., St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Victoria, B. C.

In the United States:
New York, San Francisco, Portland, Oregon

AGENTS:
SCOTLAND — National Bank of Scotland, Commercial Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND — National Bank.
ENGLAND — National Bank of England, LIVERPOOL, Parr's Bank, Limited, PARIS, J. Stone & Co.

Drafts and Bills of Exchange bought and sold. Bills drawn on the above agencies and on principal points throughout the world. Interest allowed on deposits. Money loaned on approved collaterals. Commercial credits granted, available in Europe, China and Japan. Collections made and returns remitted at lowest rates of exchange.

C. GOODFELLOW, Agent.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

PRESIDENT..... HENRY FAILING
VICE PRESIDENT..... HENRY W. CORBETT
CASHIER..... JAMES SHELL

Deposits Received on Special Deposits, or on Current Account, subject to Check.

Letters of Credit Issued, Available in the Atlantic Cities.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer for sale on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis.

Sight and Sixty-Day Bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN,

The Most Successful Physician on the Pacific Coast in the Treatment of

ALL CHRONIC & DIFFICULT DISEASES,

DR. BRENAN WILL GUARANTEE TO CURE any form of Disease of the genito-urinary organs or private disease. He has become an expert in the treatment of Nervousness, weakness and debility resulting from excesses, self-abuse, etc. Diseases arising from or contracted by both male and female, including diseases peculiar to Ladies.

FOLLIES OF YOUTH,

such as SEMINAL EMISSIONS, SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, LOSS OF PERFECT VITALITY, Nocturnal Losses, all the Urinary Diseases arising either directly or indirectly from some deranged or diseased sexual system, and yet it is doubtful if a single case of the kind ever came under his treatment.

I know that persons who live in Portland long enough to be afflicted by any form of sexual disease have no confidence in any physician they can get in Portland, because of his ignorance of the subject, and the hope of future help is so long delayed that many become utterly sick. Hope expectant is the only consolation to a despondent sufferer. Hope is what I am constantly stirring among the ashes of despair.

Consultation Free, and a copy of private questions sent to those living at a distance who cannot call personally. Enclose postage stamp for list.

Office—No. 511 Third st., opposite Masonic Hall. Office Hours—From 10 to 12 A. M., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 P. M. All letters of professional business must be addressed to DR. PAUL M. BRENAN & CO., Portland, Oregon.

TOURISTS

Will find it to their interest to call at the First Floor, Stapley Views of

OREGON SCENERY

In Shanahan's Art Gallery, No. 91 Second street. Also on exhibition at M. Van Bokkelen's Art Store, Yamhill street, between First and Second. Admission without purchase 25 cents.

NEW PRICE LIST

For This Week.

100 dozen Rogers Bros. Table Knives	$2 00 per set
100 dozen Rogers Bros. Table Spoons	3 00 per set
100 dozen Rogers Bros. Table Forks	3 00 per set
100 dozen Rogers Bros. Tea Spoons	1 50 per set
100 dozen Ivory Napkin Rings	75 per set
1000 CROQUET SETS	1 00 each
1000 CROQUET SETS, hard maple	2 00 each
500 Japanese Trays, from	10 up
1000 Japanese Fans, from	10 up
350 Bread Boats	50 each
500 Embroidered School Bags	50 each
75 Base Balls	10 up
200 Plated Butter Dishes	1 00 each
200 Plated Pickle Casters	1 00 each

Just Received,

55 CASES

BABY CARRIAGES

In addition to our already large stock on hand, making the assortment the BEST and largest ever displayed to the public on this coast.

We have convinced all who have already priced our

Crockery and Glassware

That we can compete with San Francisco's lowest prices, and are far below Portland's.

Be sure and see our

EXTENSION LIBRARY CHANDELIER

With LARGE PORCELAIN SHADE, for $3.00.

AT

COLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

50 and 52 Front Street, O. R. N. Co's Block,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Metals

LEAD AND IRON PIPE,

Tinmen and Plumber's Stock,

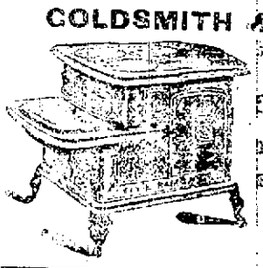
HYDRAULIC RAMS, IRON & RUBBER HOSE,

House-Furnishing Hardware,

FORCE & LIFT PUMPS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Oregon Stove Foundry



LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.

THE GRAND LIVERY & BOARDING STABLE,

Three Stories, 60x200 Feet. Room for One Hundred Horses.

Second Street, bet. C and D, extending to Third.

Supplied with abundance of Light and Ventilation. Stalls Good as the Best on the Coast, and every accommodation obtainable anywhere will be found here.

VERY BEST OF TURNOUTS FOR HIRE, consisting of Top-Buggies, Open Buggies for One or Two Horses, Open Sidebar Road Wagons, Top and Open Buggies of the Very Best.

PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

JAMES ARMSTRONG, Supt.

OREGON TRANSFER CO.

GENERAL

Forwarding and Commission

FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE FORWARDED and Delivered with Dispatch.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE MOVED.

ORDERS FOR BLACKSMITHING promptly attended to, Day or Night.

Office—S. W. Cor. Second and Stark Sts. Mark Cars O. T. Co.

CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,

SECOND AND TAYLOR STS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire and Boarding.

HACK ORDERS Promptly attended to, Day or Night.

WOODWARD & HAGOOD, Props.

CITY STABLES AND CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

107 SECOND STREET.

ACKER & LEHLY,

Carriages, Coupes and First-class Livery Teams at All Hours.

Carriage Stands, Esmond Hotel & Ch'y Stables. Orders for Carriages at all hours, Day or Night, will receive prompt attention.

Keep on hand a Large Stock of Buggies, Hacks, Carriages, Harness, etc., for sale.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

R. C. JANION & SON,

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants.

AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S.

OFFER FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICES: Bass and Coope's and Tennent's Ales, Guinness' Dublin Stout, Bird Cage Ale, Genuine Pure Scotch Whiskey in cases of quarts, Domville's and other Irish Whiskeys, Pure Kahlua from the coast, cast bulk, Benedictine, Hennessy and Martell's Three Star Cognac, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines, Filbert Almonds and Paste, Bordeaux Claret, Terpy's Olive Table and Salad Oil, Pumpkin Table and Salad Oil, Bonder's Vinegar, Worcestershire and Shallot Sauces, Colman's Mustard, Durkee's Salad Dressing, Crosse & Blackwell's Soups, Pickles, Sauces, Jellies, Jams, Potted Meats, Fish, Etc.

Portland, March 26, 1881.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,

UMATILLA.

FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, HARDWARE, GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Mark Goods: J. R. F. Cor. U. JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

JAMES H. KOONTZ,

UMATILLA, OR.,

FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANT.

RATES REDUCED

A Large Fire-Proof Warehouse for Storage.

ALSO DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware and General Merchandise.

(Established in 1868.) JAMES H. KOONTZ.

J. DELL DUBOIS. W. H. KING

D. DUBOIS & KING,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

119 and 144 Front Street, Portland, Or.

414 Battery St., San Francisco.

Special attention given to the sale of Wool, Grain, Flour and Produce in Portland and San Francisco.

Established 1850.

J. B. CONGLE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of

Builders' Hardware, Belting, Saws, Mill and Shipchandlery Goods, Stoves, etc.

108 and 110 Front st., Portland, Or.

(Next door north of Ankeny st.) Agents for Vulcan Powder Co's Giant Powder. Orders solicited and goods delivered on the Dock.

Cold Spring Creamery.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors of the Cold Spring Creamery Company have declared a dividend of ten per cent. on the capital stock of said company, payable on demand at the office of the company, in the city of Portland, Oregon. By order of the Board of Directors.

C. H. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

Portland, May 31, 1881.

COLUMBIA IRON WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Boilers, Engines, Mill Machinery.

North Portland, Or.

Special attention given to Repairs of all kinds.

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

OCEAN DIVISION.

Between San Francisco and Portland.

In consequence of accident to the Str. State of California, the following schedule of sailing